

Stingless bee abundance and efficiency in Australian crop systems

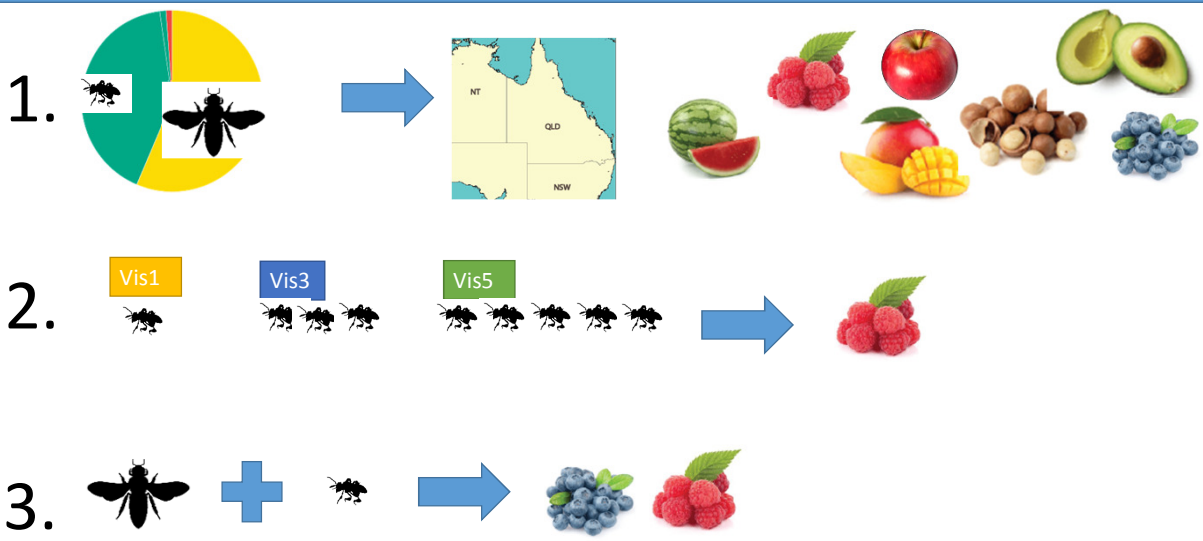


Romina Rader
 Senior Lecturer
 University of New England,
 Armidale
 Email: rrader@une.edu.au
 Twitter: @rominatwi

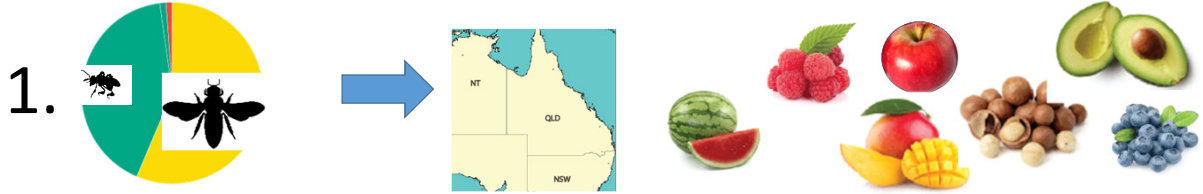
Contributors to our crop pollination work: Bruce White, Carolyn Sonter, Emma Goodwin, Juan Lobaton, Bryony Willcox, Liam Kendall, Manu Saunders, Sarah McDonald, Rob and Raelene Mitchie, Brad Howlett, Lindsey Kirkland, Mark Hall, Jeremy Jones, Tobias Smith, Jamie Stavert and Costa Group.



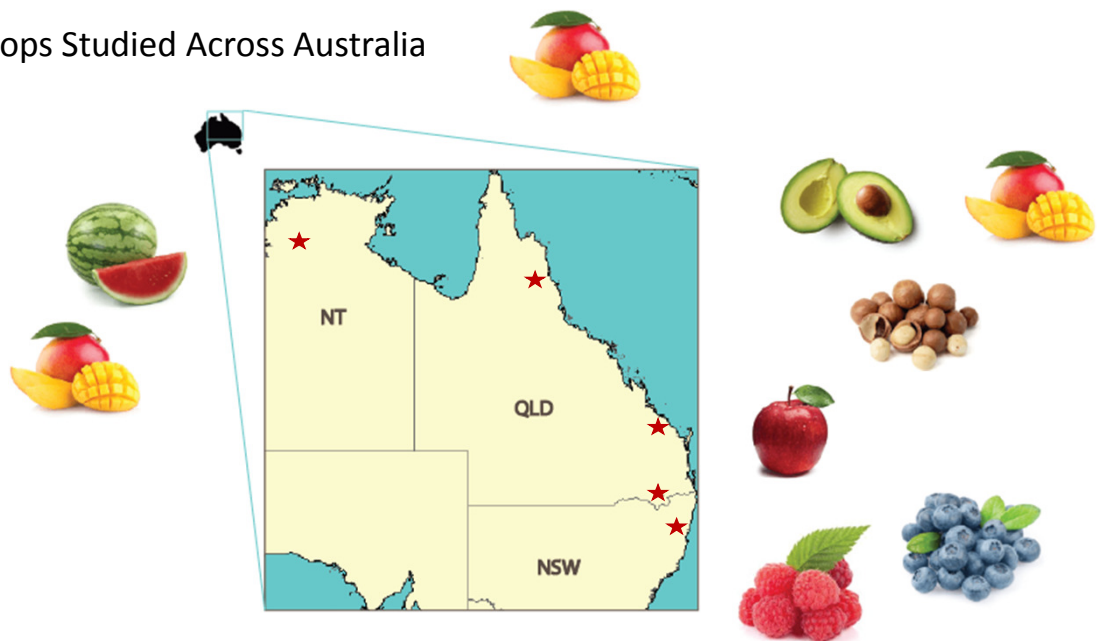
Stingless bee abundance and efficiency in crops:

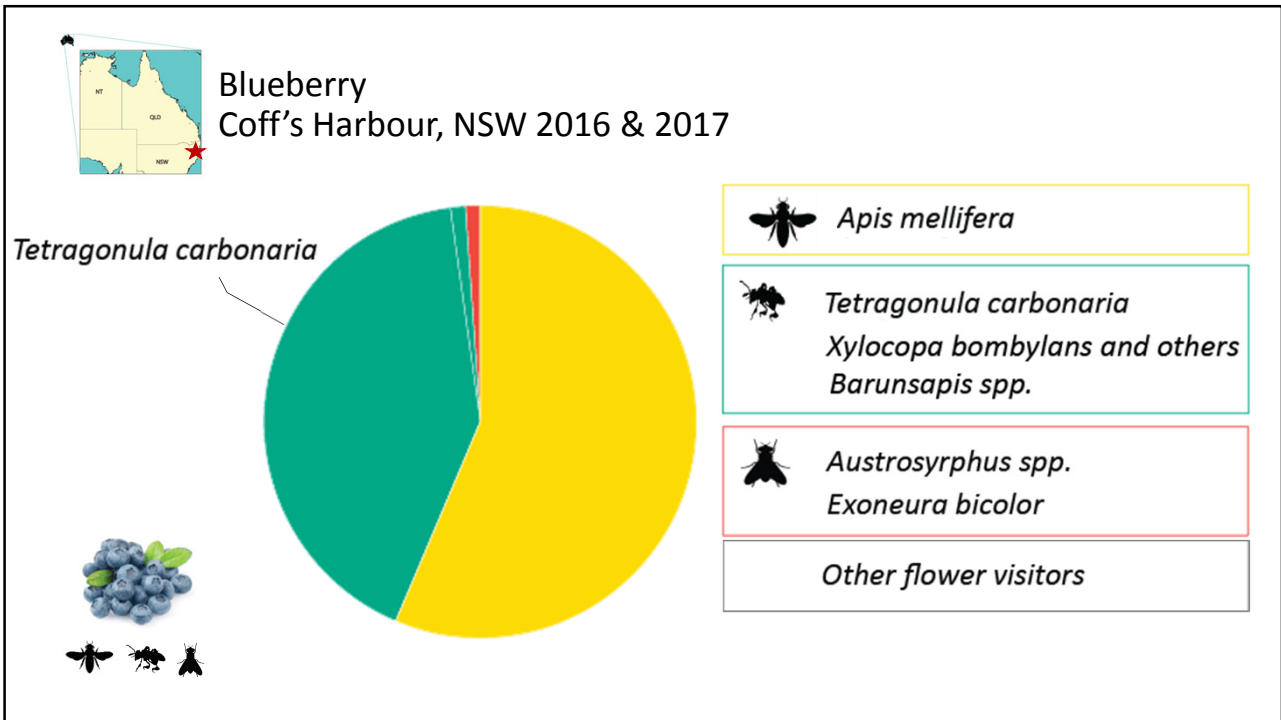
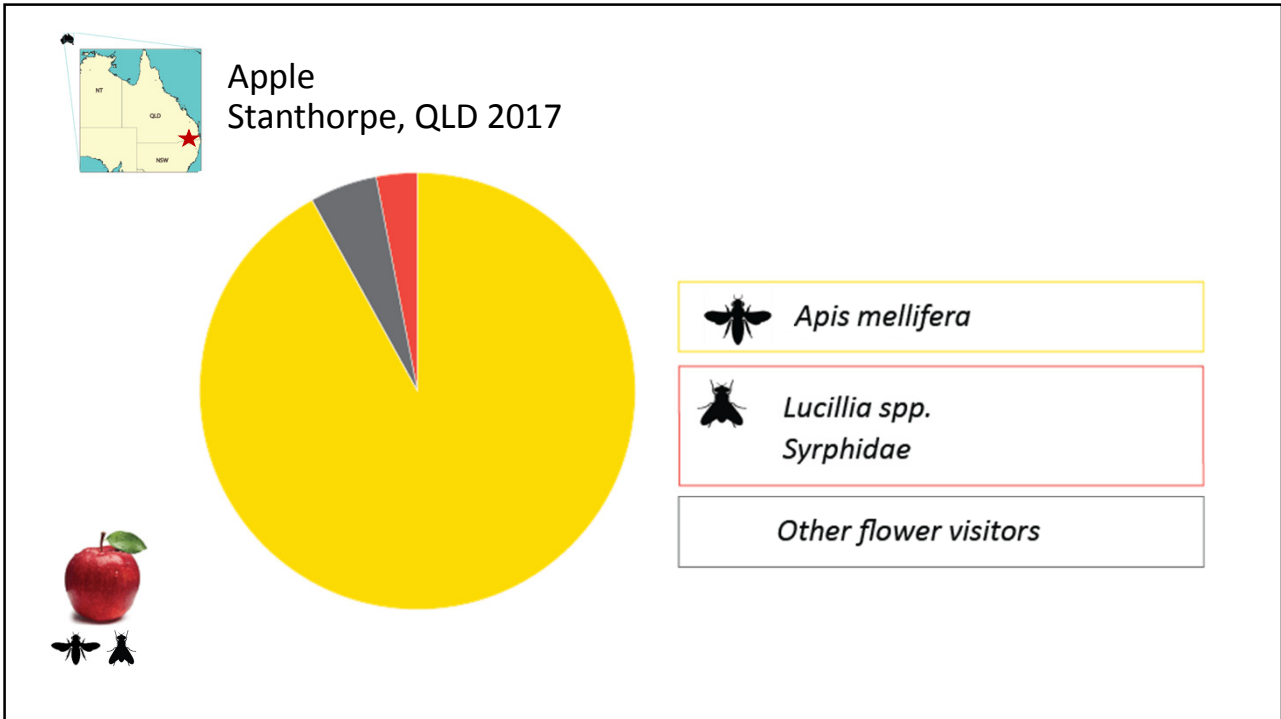


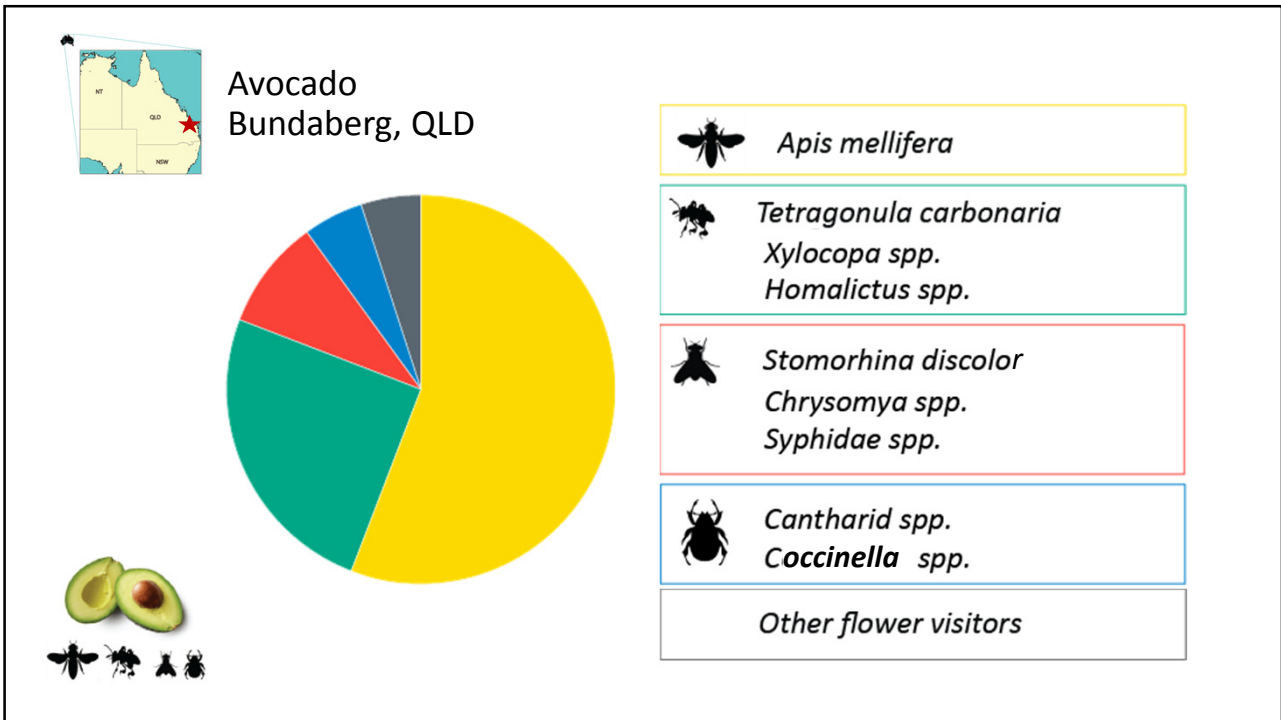
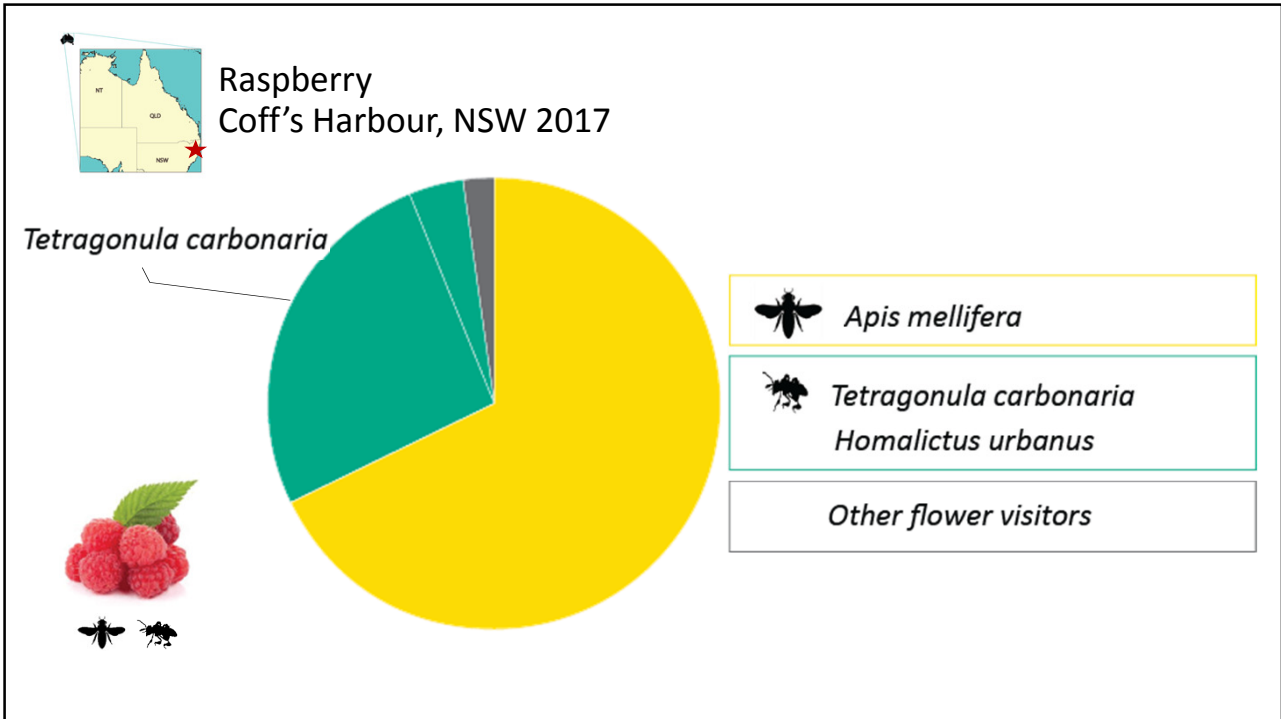
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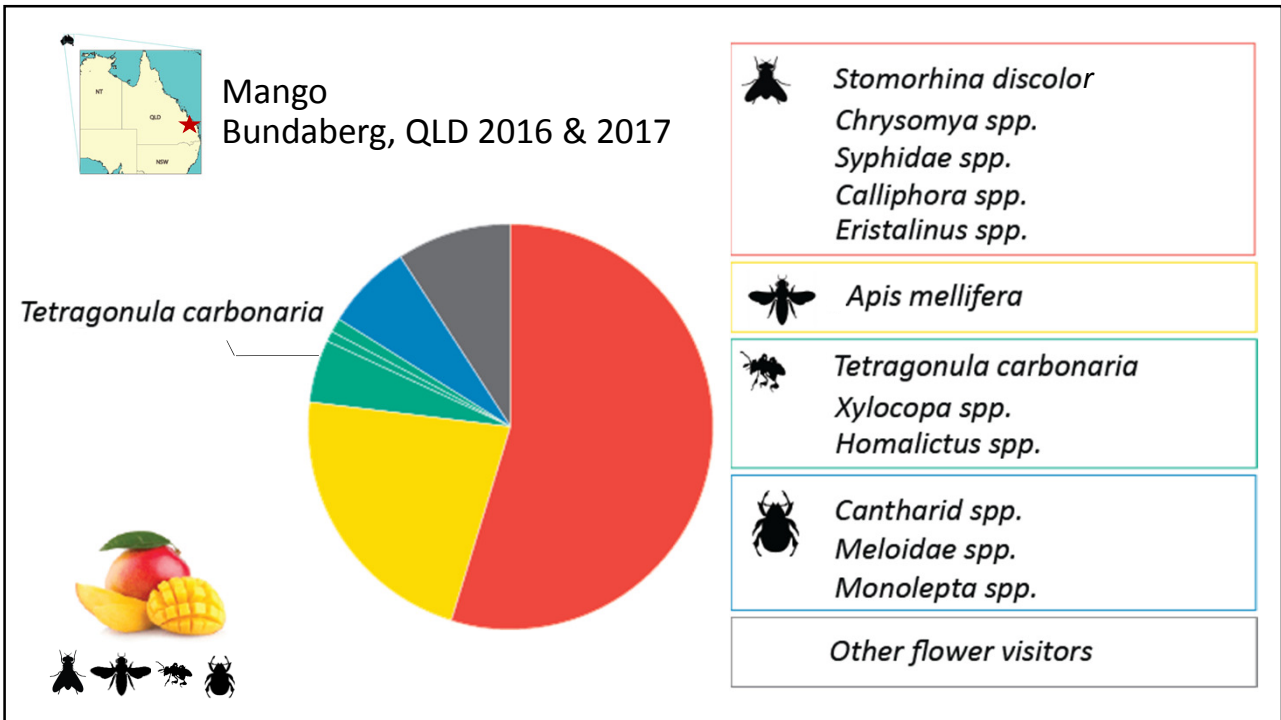
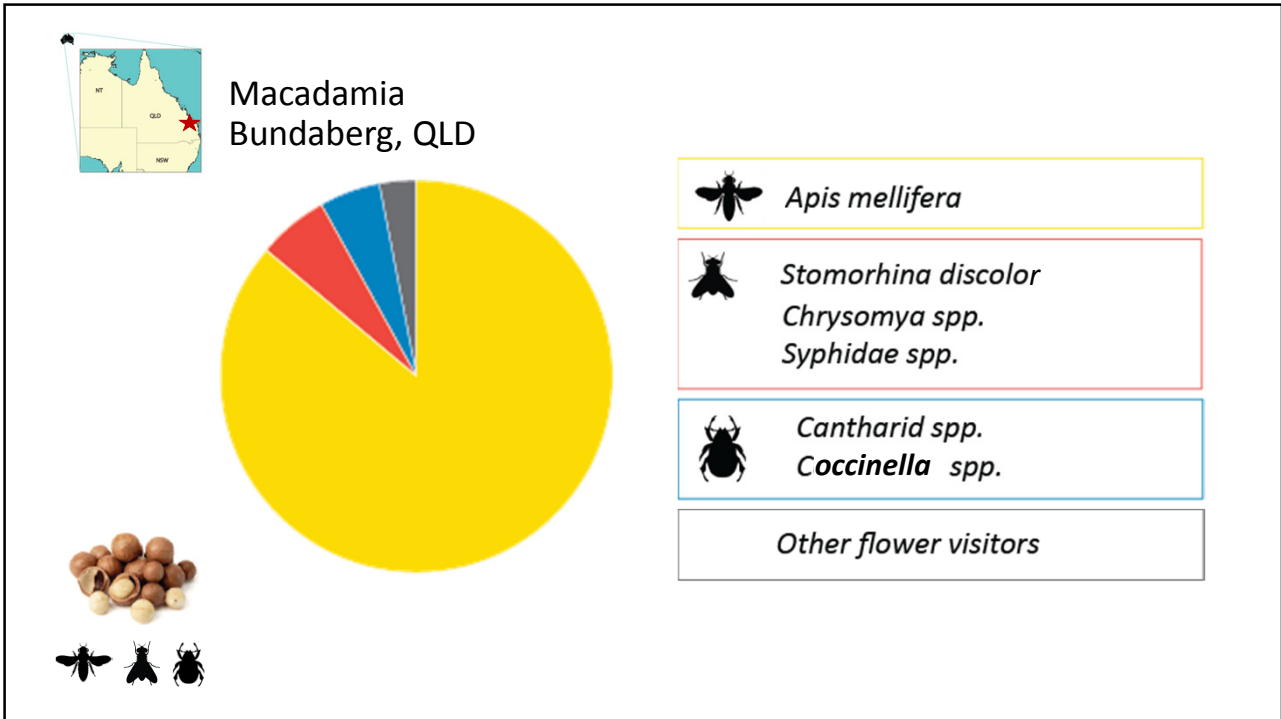


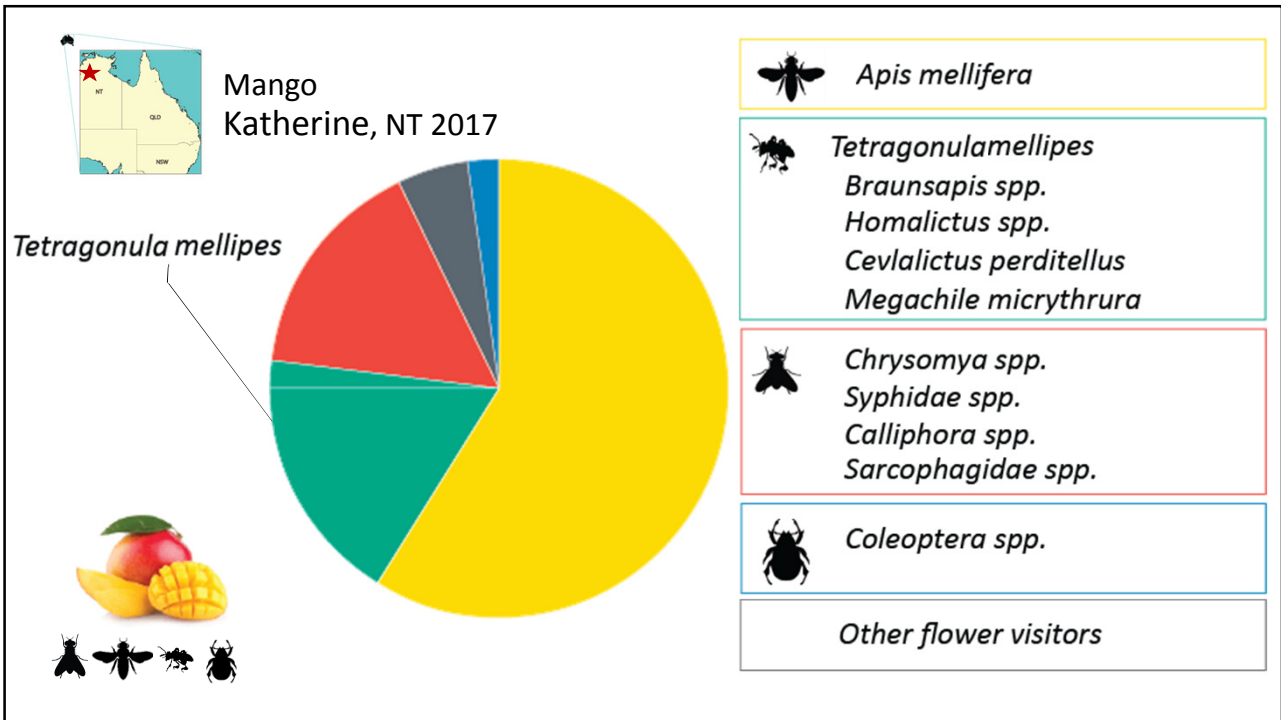
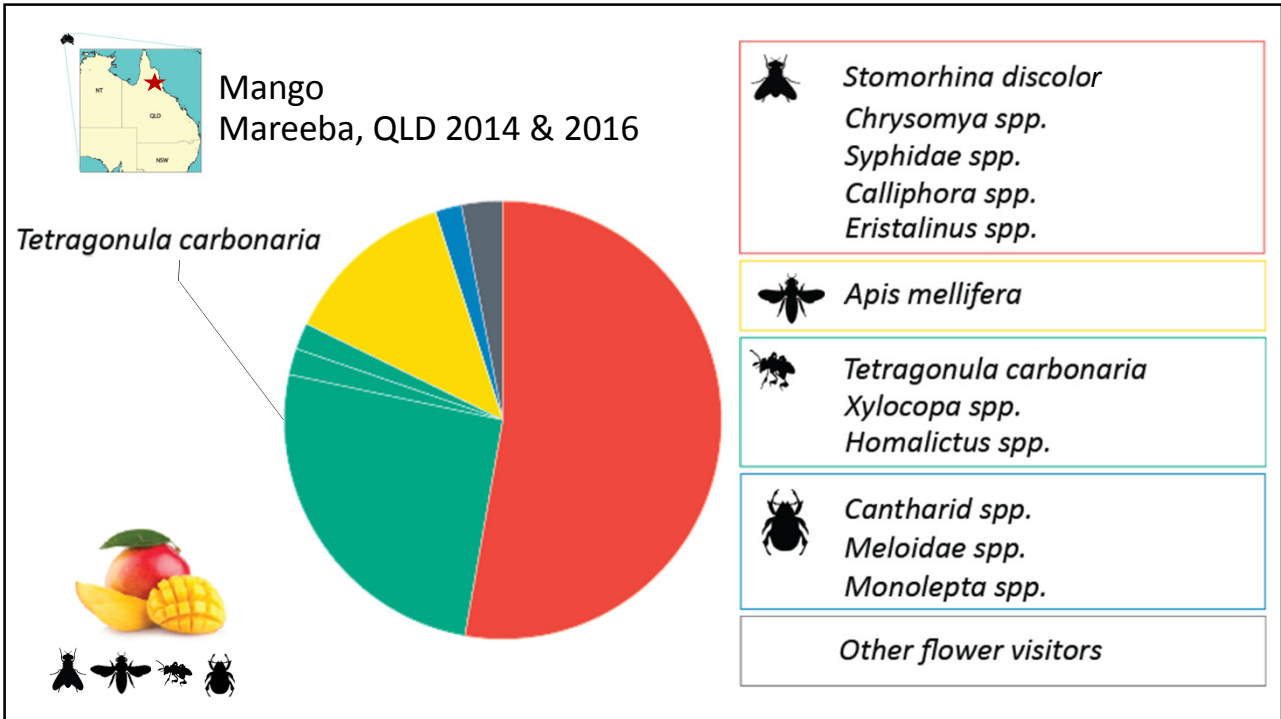
Crops Studied Across Australia







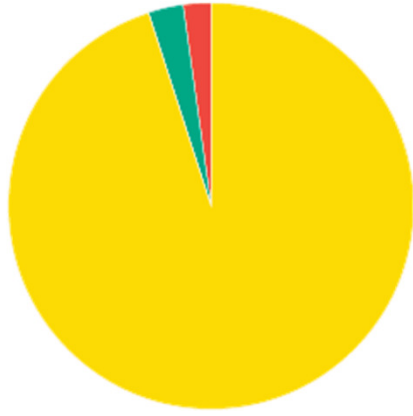







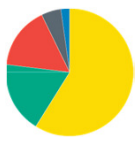
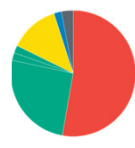
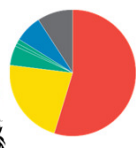
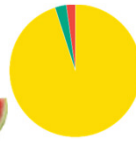
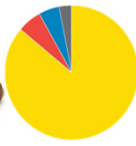
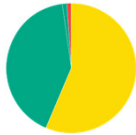
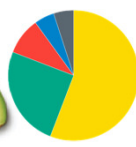
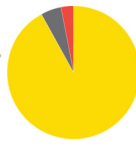
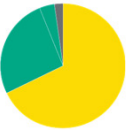






Watermelon Katherine, NT 2017

NEWSFLASH! We will be doing Riverina melons this summer so contact us if you want us to work on your property!!!









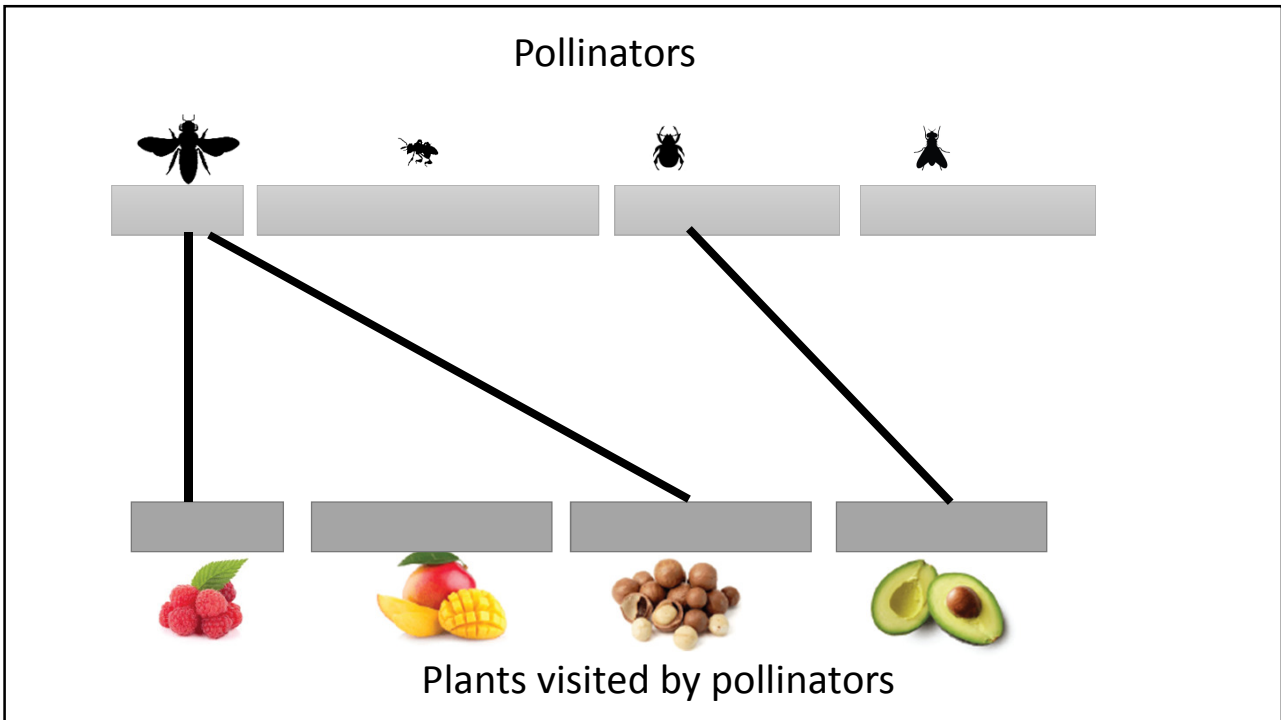
-  *Apis mellifera*
-  *Tetragonula*spp.
Homalictus spp.
-  *Syphidae* spp.

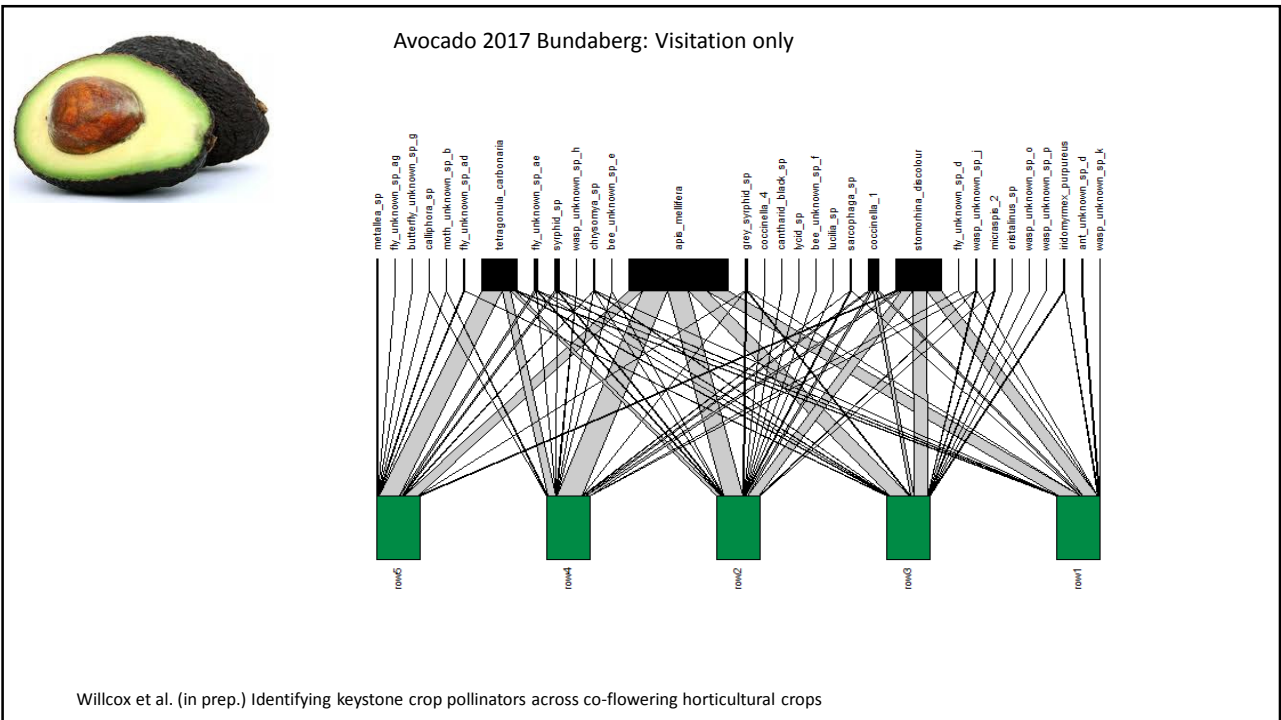
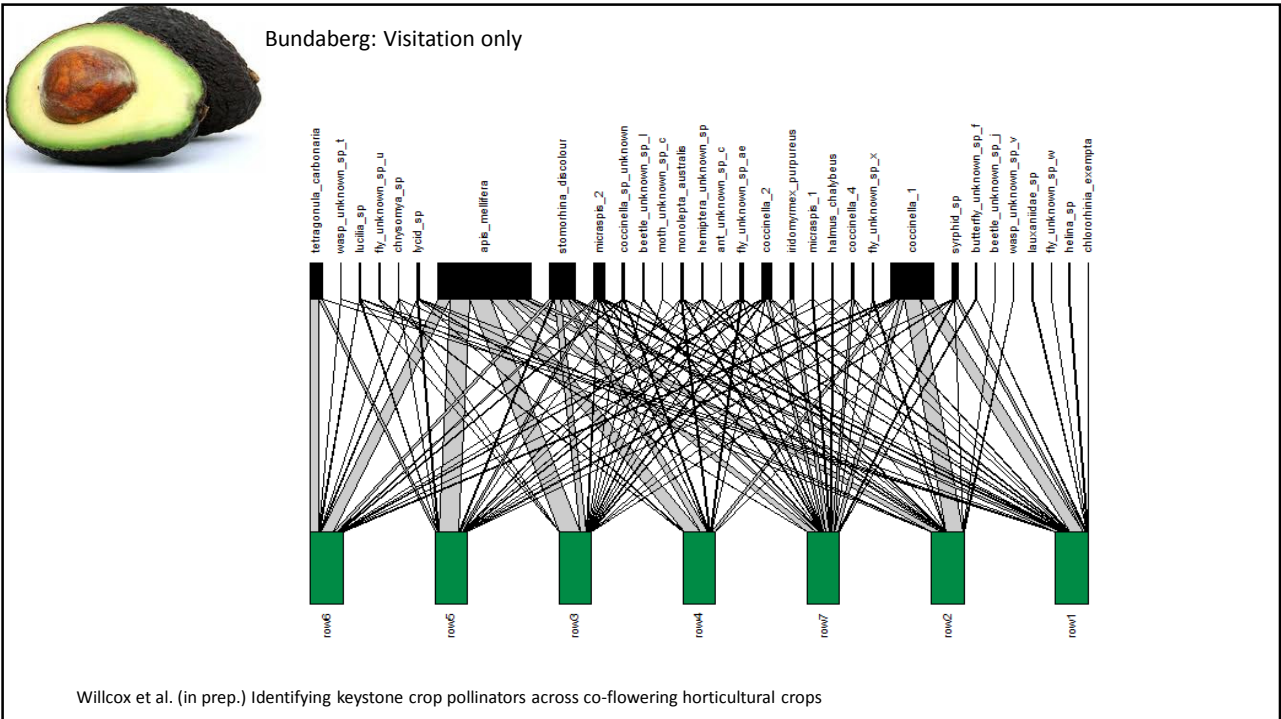


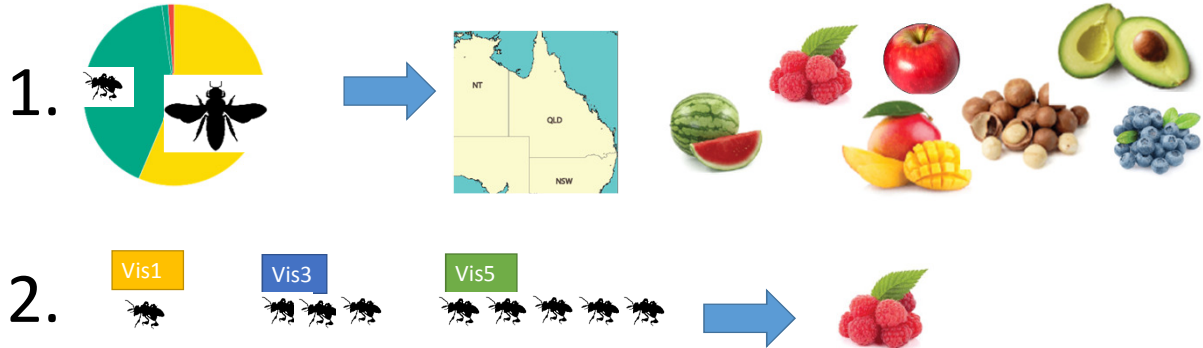
Managed and Wild Bees Found in Our Focal Crops

	 Bundaberg, QLD	 Coff's Harbour, QLD	 Katherine, NT		 Mareeba, QLD	 Stanthorpe, QLD
<i>Apis cerana</i>					✓	
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
<i>Braunsapis spp.</i>			✓			
<i>Ceylalictus perditellus</i>			✓			
<i>Homalictus spp</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	
<i>Hylaeus spp</i>					✓	
<i>Lasioglossum spp.</i>						✓
<i>Megachile micerythrura</i>			✓			
<i>Tetragonula spp</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
<i>Xylocopa spp</i>	✓				✓	
Unknown Small Native Bees	✓				✓	





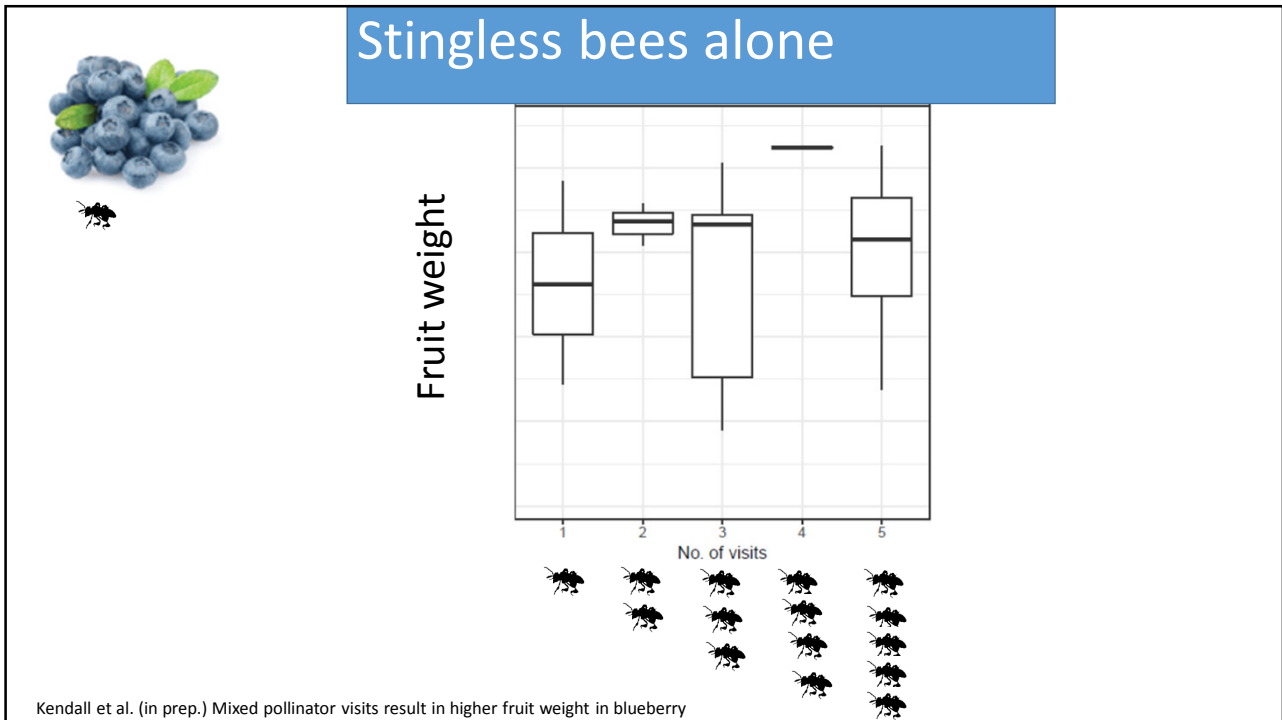
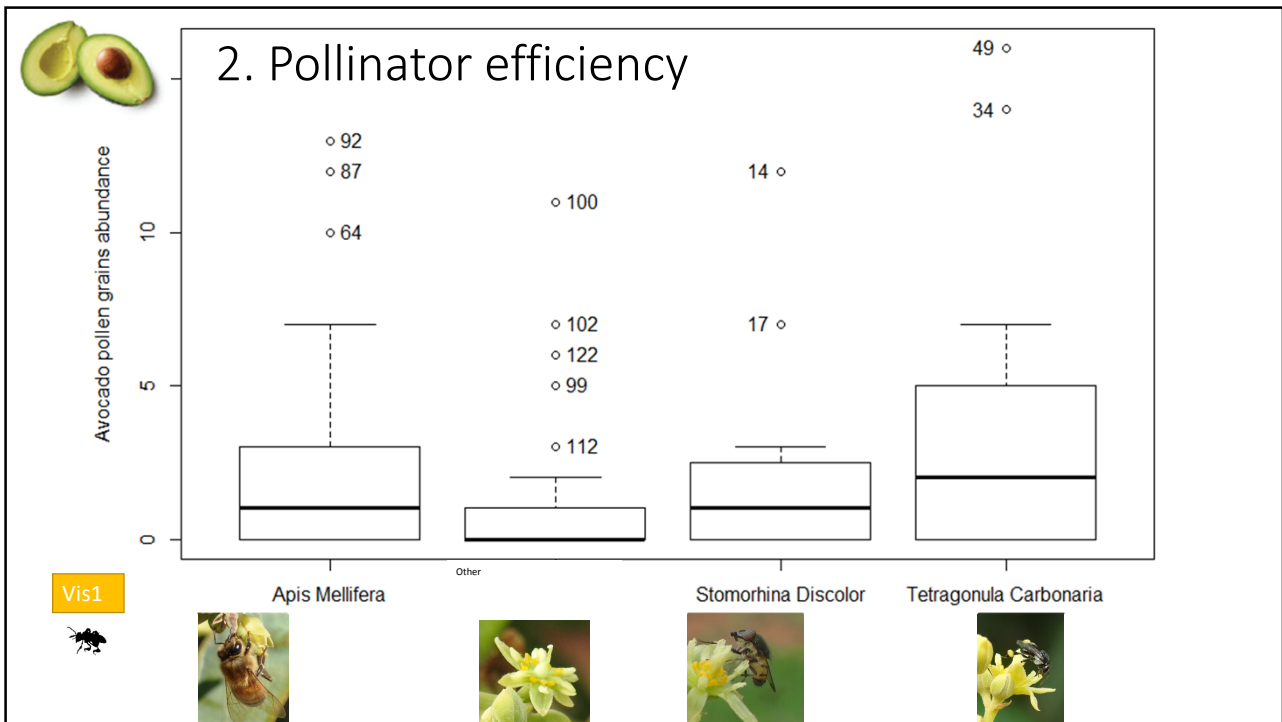
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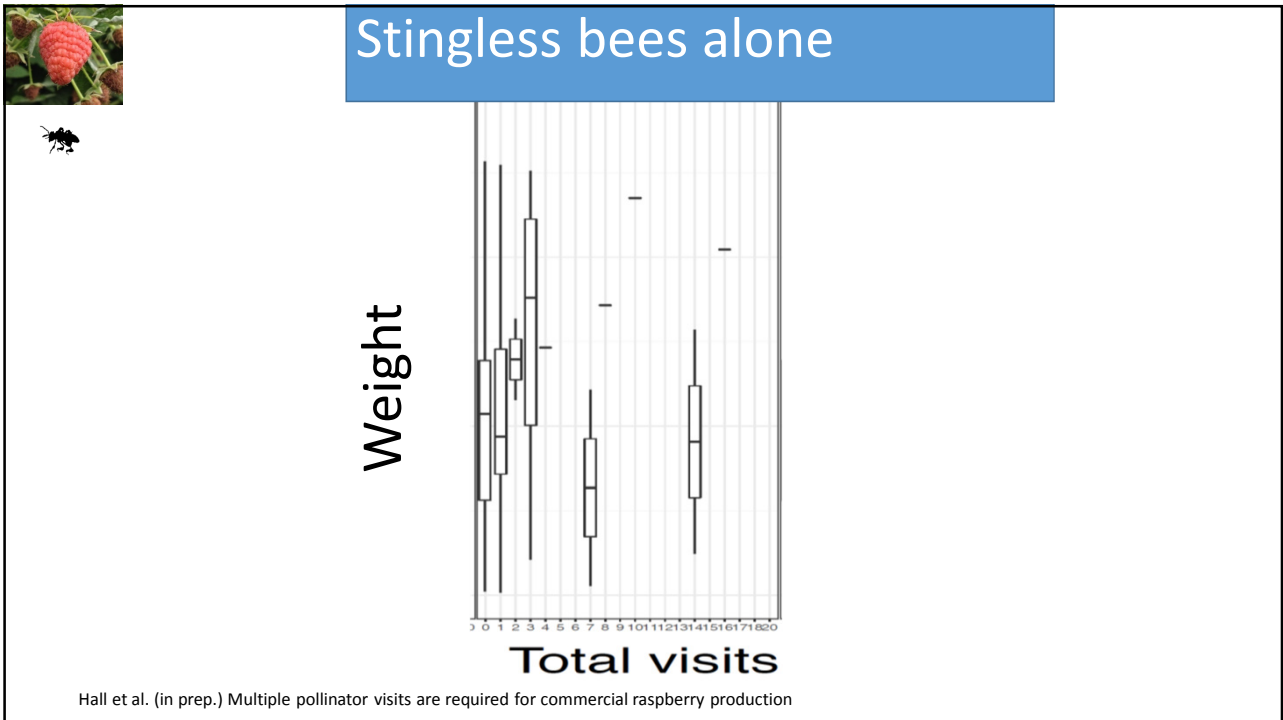
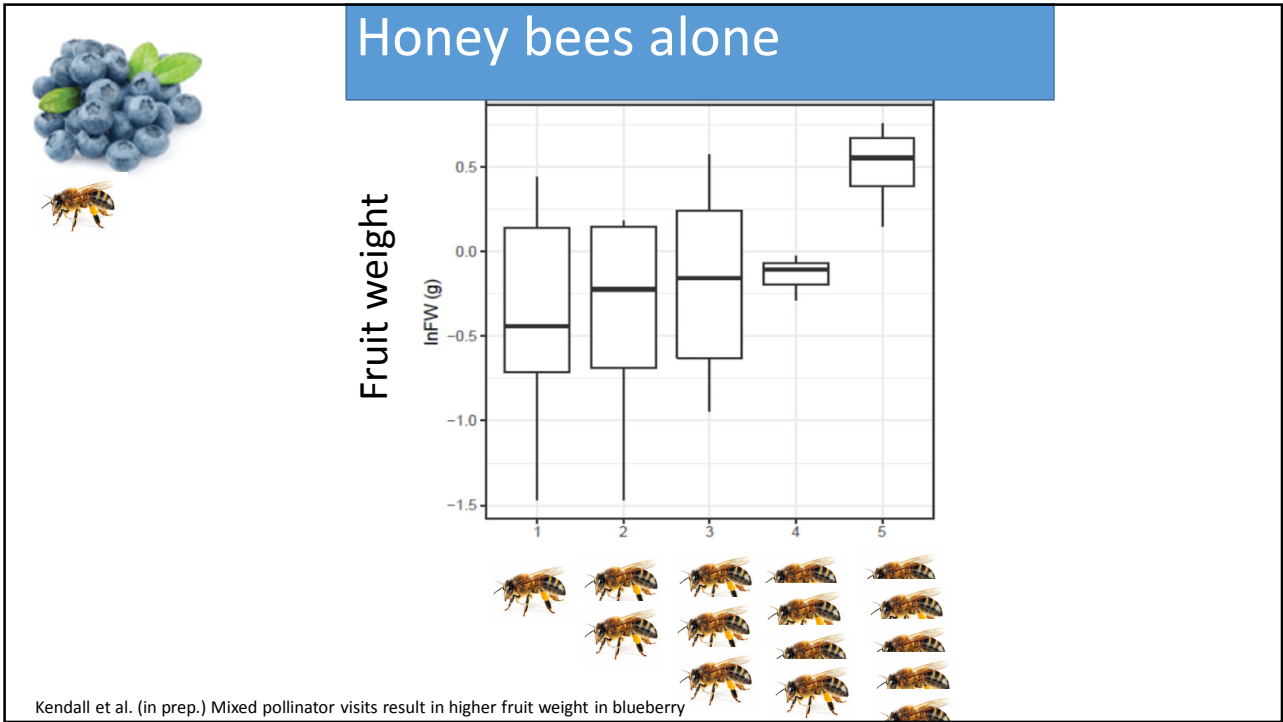


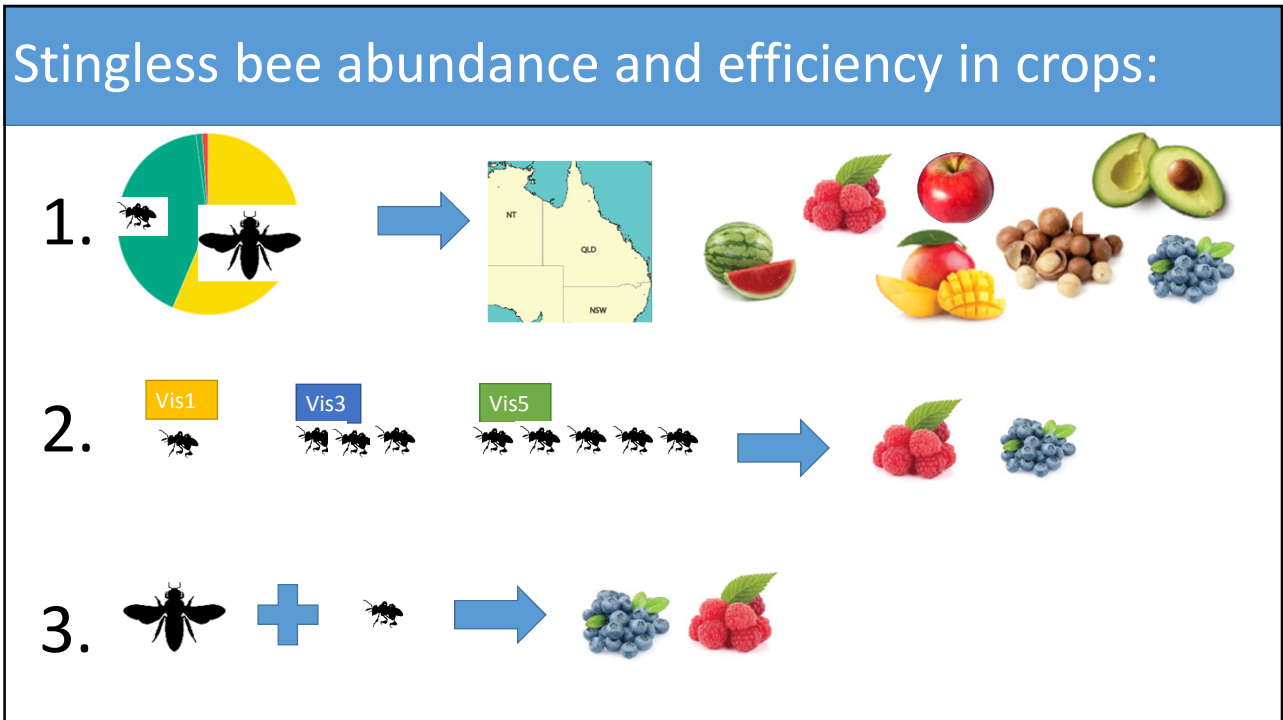
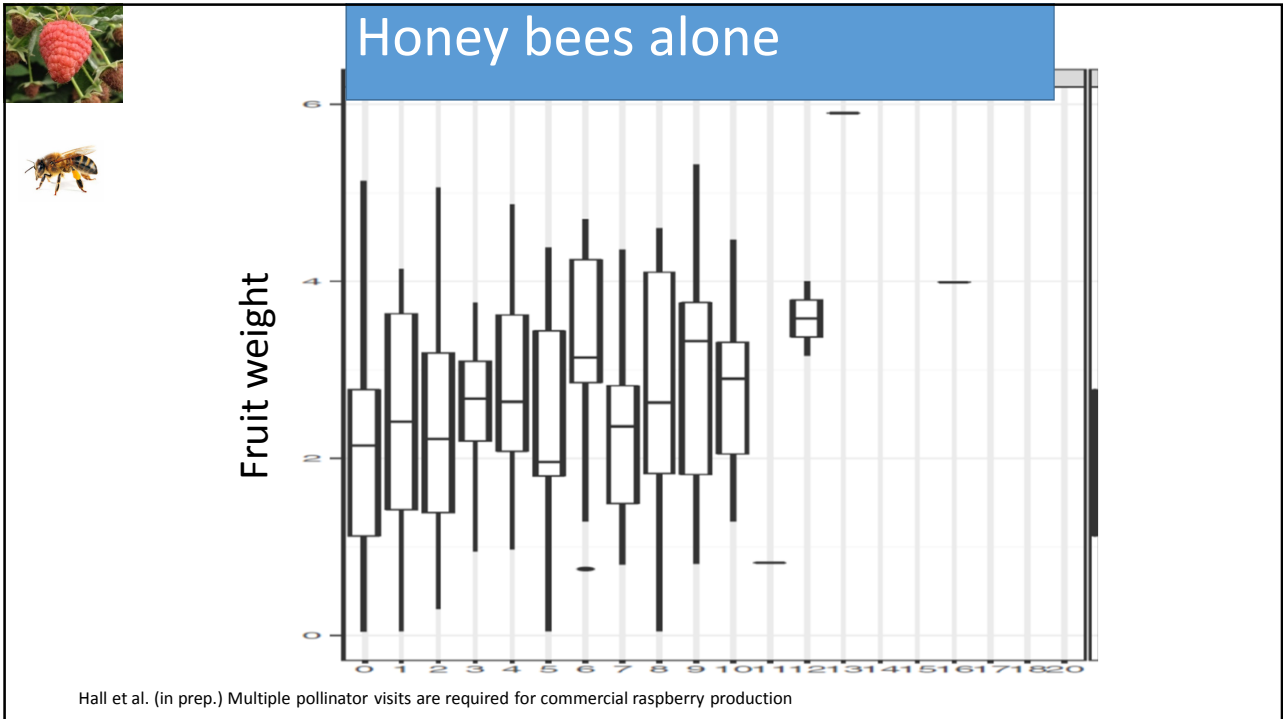
The number of visits is important!

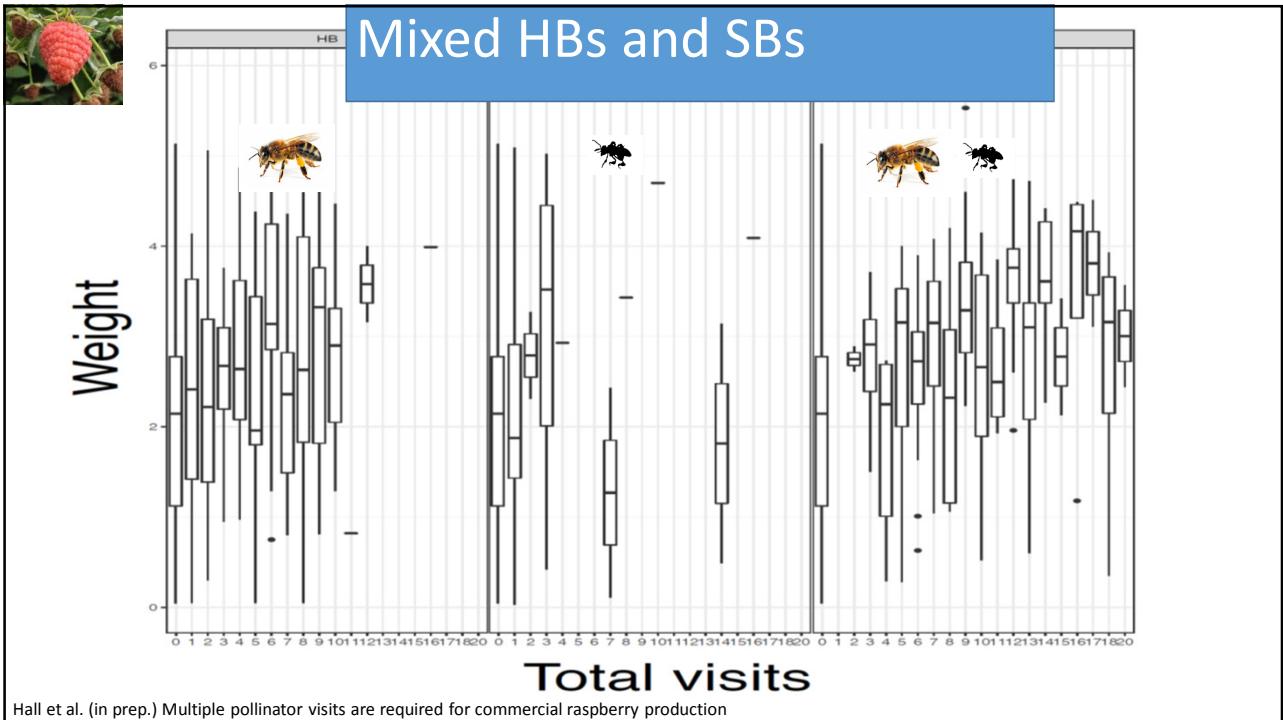
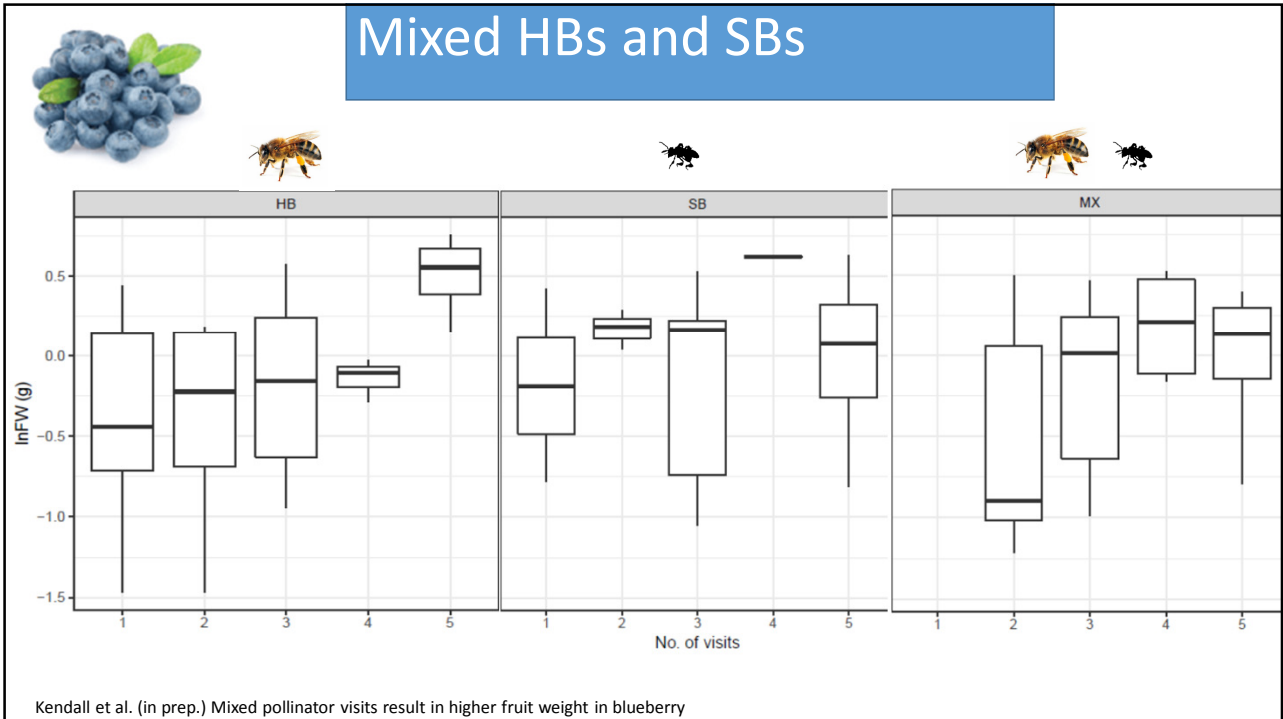


- Too few visits = crumbly fruit



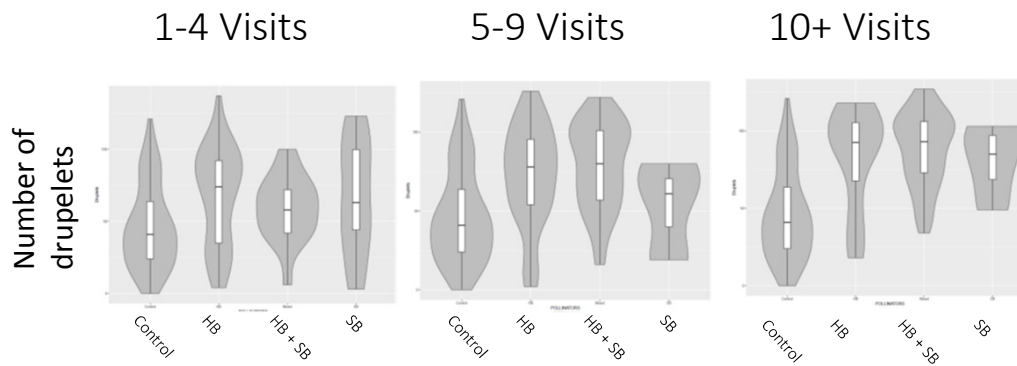








The number of visits is important!



Number of Drupelets; (lots is good!)

Hall et al. (in prep.) Multiple pollinator visits are required for commercial raspberry production

Why is there so much variation? Are mixed visits good?



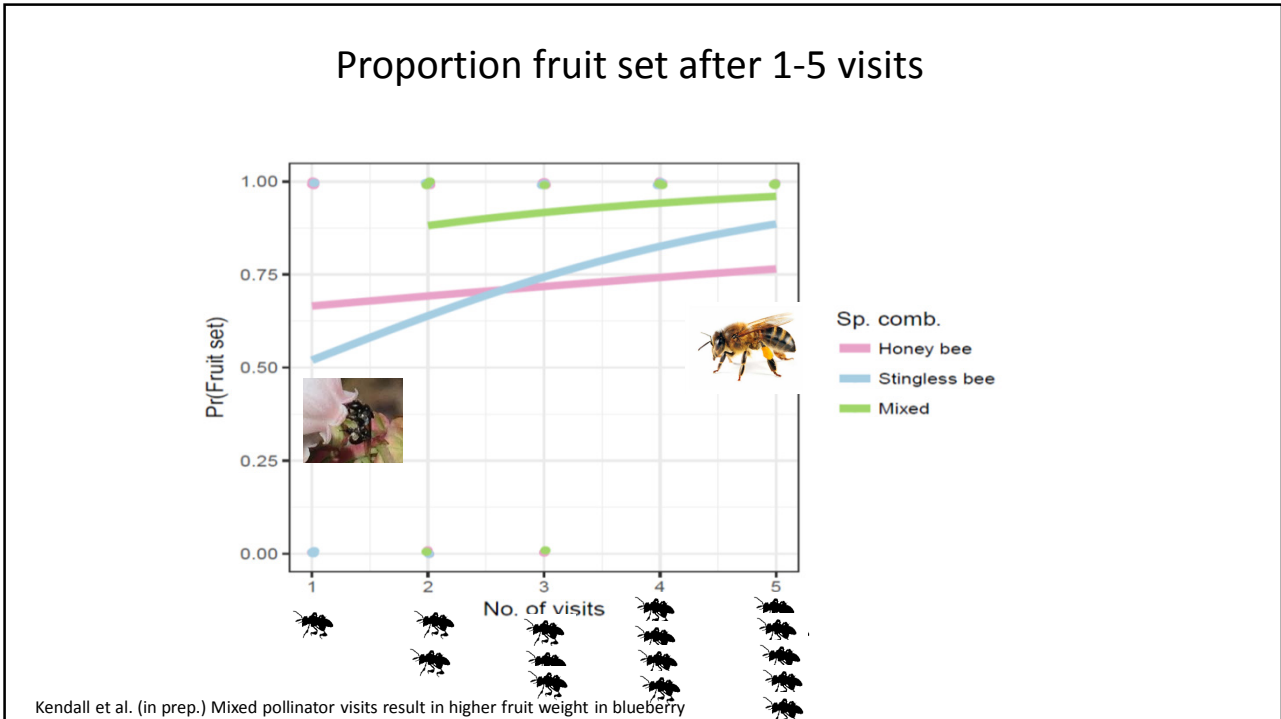
1. Differences in foraging behaviour could mean some visits are good for flower and others not
2. Differences in foraging behaviour could mean more fruit set overall

Pollen collecting behaviour

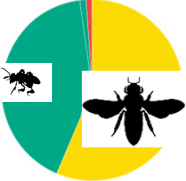


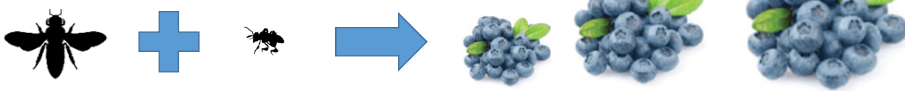


Nectar collecting behaviour





Conclusions:

1.  General patterns for each crop do not exist! 
2. 
3. 

Questions?



Romina Rader
Senior Lecturer
University of New England,
Armidale
Email: rrader@une.edu.au
Twitter: @rominatwi



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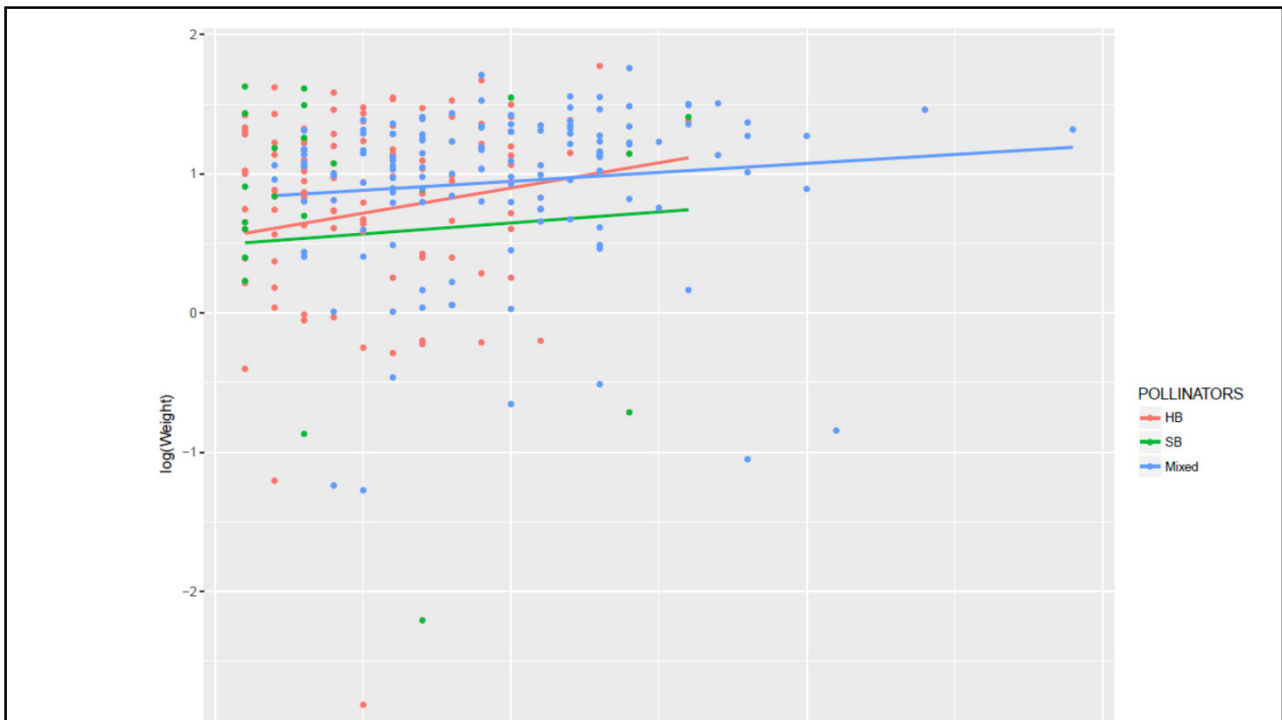


Vis1



	Avocado Bundaberg		Avocado Tristate		Mango Mareeba
	2015	2017	2015	2017	2014
Bees					
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	2	2	4		6
<i>Tetragonula carbonaria</i>	–	1	–		1
Flies					
<i>Allograpta</i> sp.	–	–	–		4
<i>Calliphora</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	9		–
<i>Calliphora</i> morphosp. 3	–	–	1		–
<i>Chrysomya</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	–		2
<i>Lucilia</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	5		5
<i>Metallea</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	6		–
<i>Plecia</i> sp.1	–	–	–		10
<i>Stomorphina discolor</i>	3	3	–		3
<i>Stomorphina zanthogaster</i>	–	–	–		7
<i>Syritta</i> sp. 1	–	–	–		8
<i>Syrphid</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	8		–
<i>Tachinid</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	7		–
<i>Thynninae</i> morphosp. 1	–	–	3		–
Others					
<i>Coccinella</i> morphosp. 1	1	–	–		–
<i>Coccinella undecimpunctata</i>	–	–	2		–
<i>Iridomyrmex purpureus</i>	4	–	–		–
<i>Tenebrionid</i> sp. 1	–	–	–		9

Willcox et al. (in prep.) Identifying keystone crop pollinators across co-flowering horticultural crops



Species ranked by abundance for each crop, year and region

	Avocado			Macadamia		Mango					
	Bundaberg	Tristate		Bundaberg		Bundaberg	Mareeba	Katherine			
	2015	2016	2017	2015	2016	2016	2017	2014	2016	2017	
BEEES											
<i>Apis mellifera</i>	1	1	1	4	1	1	2	4	3	5	1
<i>Tetragomula carbonaria</i>	4	2	3				3		1	1	
<i>Tetragomula mellipes</i>											2
FLIES											
<i>Stomorhina discolor</i>	3	3	2		2	2	1	1	2	4	
<i>Chrysomya sp.</i>							5	3		2	3
<i>Syrphid sp.</i>	5			1	4	3					
<i>Lauxaniidae sp.</i>				5							
<i>Calliphora sp.1</i>				3							
<i>Calliphora sp.2</i>											4
<i>Syrtria sp.</i>								4			
<i>Plecia sp.</i>								5	3		
<i>Tabanidae sp.</i>			5								
<i>Grey syrphid sp.</i>							2				
<i>Simosyrphus sp.</i>							5				
<i>Sarcophaga sp.</i>											5
BETLES											
<i>Coccinellid sp.</i>	2	5	4	2	4						
<i>Lycid sp.</i>					4	4					
<i>Monolepta australis</i>					4						
<i>Cantharid sp.</i>		4				5	4				
ANTS AND WASPS											
<i>Ant species 1</i>					3						
<i>Ant species 2</i>					5						

Willcox et al. (in prep.) Identifying keystone crop pollinators across co-flowering horticultural crops